# **Mathematics**

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(Chapter 4) (Basic Geometrical Ideas) (Practice Test - 6)

(Class VI)

Time	Allowed:	1	Hour	15	Minutes
	12.00				

Maximum Marks: 25

## **General Instructions:**

- This question paper contains four sections A, B, C, and D. Each part is compulsory.
- Section A has 5 MCQ of one mark each.
- Section B has 3 questions of two marks each.
- Section C has 3 questions of three marks each.
- Section D has 2 questions of five marks each, attempt any 1 out of 2.
- There is no negative marking.

## Section - A

- 1. Mark three points P, Q and R in your note book and draw a line passing through the points. How many lines can you draw passing through both the points?
- (A) 0

(B) 1

(C)2

(D) 3

2. Can 150 points be coplanar?

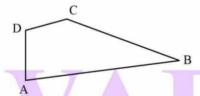
- (A) Yes
- (B) No
- (C) Undetermined
- 3. Two lines in a plane always intersect in a point.
- (A) True
- (B) False
- (C) Undetermined
- 4. Any plane through a vertical line is vertical.
- (A) True
- (B) False
- (C) Undetermined
- 5. Any plane through a horizontal line is horizontal.
- (A) True
- (B) False
- (C) Undetermined

## Section - B

6. Illustrate, if possible, each one of the following with a rough diagram:

A closed curve that is not a polygon

7. Name the angles in the given figure.



8. A quadrilateral having all sides equal is called .......

#### Section - C

- 9. Draw rough diagrams of two angles such that they have.
- (i) One point in common
- (ii) Two points in common
- (iii) Three points in common
- 10. (i) A triangle having all sides of different length is known as
  - (ii) A triangle whose one angle is more than 90° is called

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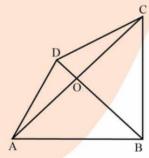
(Chapter 4) (Basic Geometrical Ideas) (Practice Test - 6)

# (Class VI)

- 11. Draw a circle with centre O and radius 5 cm. Mark points P, Q, R such that
- (i) P lies on the circle
- (ii) O lies in the interior of the circle
- (iii) R lies in the exterior of the circle

### Section - D

- 12. Draw any circle and mark.
- (i) its centre
- (ii) a radius
- (iii) a diameter
- (iv) a sector
- (v) a segment
- 13. In Figure, A, B, C and D are four points, and no three points are collinear. AC and BD intersect at O. There are eight triangles that you can observe. Name all the triangles.



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## **Answers**

# Section - A

- 1. 1
- 2. Yes
- 3. False
- 4. True
- 5. True

# Section - B

6.



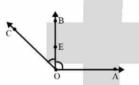
- 7. ∠DAB, ∠ABC, ∠BCD and ∠CDA
- 8. Rhombus

# Section - C

9.





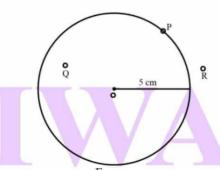


- 10. (i) scalene triangle
  - (ii) An obtuse triangle

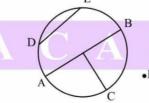
11.

# Section - D

- 12. (i) The centre of the circle is
  - (ii) The radius is OC
  - (iii) A diameter is  $\overline{AB}$
  - (iv) A sector is AOC
  - (v) A segment is DE







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13.  $\triangle$  ABC,  $\triangle$  ABD,  $\triangle$  ABO,  $\triangle$  BCO,  $\triangle$  DCO,  $\triangle$  AOD,  $\triangle$  ACD and  $\triangle$  BCD.

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