# **Mathematics**

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$$(Chapter - 1) (Sets)$$

(Class - XI)

### Exercise 1.5

### Question 1:

Let  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ ,  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ,  $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$  and  $C = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}$ . Find

- (i) A'
- (ii) B'
- (iii)  $(A \cup C)'$
- (iv)  $(A \cup B)'$
- $(\mathbf{v}) = (\mathbf{A}')'$
- (vi) (B-C)'

#### **Answer 1:**

 $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\} A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\} B = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$ 

 $C = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}$ 

- (i)  $A' = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$
- (ii)  $B' = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$
- (iii)  $A \cup C = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  $\therefore (A \cup C)' = \{7, 8, 9\}$
- (iv)  $A \cup B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8\}$  $(A \cup B)' = \{5, 7, 9\}$
- (v)  $(A')' = A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
- (vi)  $B-C = \{2,8\}$ 
  - $\therefore (B-C)' = \{1,3,4,5,6,7,9\}$

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### **Question 2:**

If  $U = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}$ , find the complements of the following sets:

- (i)  $A = \{a, b, c\}$
- (ii)  $B = \{d, e, f, g\}$
- (iii)  $C = \{a, c, e, g\}$
- (iv)  $D = \{f, g, h, a\}$

#### **Answer 2:**

 $U = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}$ 

(i)  $A = \{a, b, c\}$ 

$$A' = \{d, e, f, g, h\}$$

(ii)  $B = \{d, e, f, g\}$ 

$$\therefore \mathbf{B'} = \{a, b, c, h\}$$

(iii)  $C = \{a, c, e, g\}$ 

$$\therefore \mathbf{C}' = \{b, d, f, h\}$$

(iv)  $D = \{f, g, h, a\}$ 

$$\therefore D' = \{b, c, d, e\}$$

## **Question 3:**

Taking the set of natural numbers as the universal set, write down the complements of the following sets:

- (i) {x: x is an even natural number}
- (ii) {x: x is an odd natural number}
- (iii)  $\{x: x \text{ is a positive multiple of 3}\}$
- (iv) {x: x is a prime number}
- (v) {x: x is a natural number divisible by 3 and 5}
- (vi) {x: x is a perfect square}
- (vii) {x: x is perfect cube}

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(viii) 
$$\{x: x + 5 = 8\}$$
 (ix)  $\{x: 2x + 5 = 9\}$ 

- (x)  $\{x: x \ge 7\}$
- (xi)  $\{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } 2x + 1 > 10\}$

#### **Answer 3:**

U = N: Set of natural numbers

- (i)  $\{x: x \text{ is an even natural number}\}' = \{x: x \text{ is an odd natural number}\}$
- (ii)  $\{x: x \text{ is an odd natural number}\}' = \{x: x \text{ is an even natural number}\}$
- (iii)  $\{x: x \text{ is a positive multiple of } 3\}' = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \text{ is not a multiple of } 3\}$
- (iv)  $\{x: x \text{ is a prime number}\}' = \{x: x \text{ is a positive composite number and } x = 1\}$
- (v)  $\{x: x \text{ is a natural number divisible by 3 and 5}\}' = \{x: x \text{ is a natural number that is not divisible by 3 or 5}\}$
- (vi)  $\{x: x \text{ is a perfect square}\}' = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \text{ is not a perfect square}\}$
- (vii)  $\{x: x \text{ is a perfect cube}\}' = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \text{ is not a perfect cube}\}$
- (viii)  $\{x: x + 5 = 8\}' = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \neq 3\}$
- (ix)  $\{x: 2x + 5 = 9\}' = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \neq 2\}$
- (x)  $\{x: x \ge 7\}' = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x < 7\}$
- (xi)  $\{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } 2x + 1 > 10\}' = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \le 9/2\}$

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### **Question 4:**

If 
$$U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\},\$$

$$A = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$$
 and  $B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ .

Verify that

(i) 
$$(A \cup B)' = A' \cap B'$$
 (ii)  $(A \cap B)' = A' \cup B'$ 

#### **Answer 4:**

$$U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$$
$$A = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}, B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$$

(i)

$$(A \cup B)' = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}' = \{1, 9\}$$

$$A' \cap B' = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\} \cap (1, 4, 6, 8, 9) = \{1, 9\}$$

$$\therefore (A \cup B)' = A' \cap B'$$

(ii)

$$(A \cap B)' = \{2\}' = \{1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$$

$$A' \cup B' = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\} \cup \{1, 4, 6, 8, 9\} = \{1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$$

$$\therefore (A \cap B)' = A' \cup B'$$

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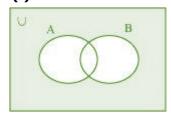
### **Question 5:**

Draw appropriate Venn diagram for each of the following:

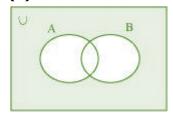
- (i)  $(A \cup B)'$
- (ii)  $A' \cap B'$
- (iii) (A∩B)′
- (iv)  $A' \cup B'$

### **Answer 5:**

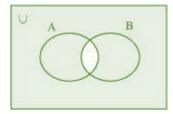
(i)  $(A \cup B)'$ 



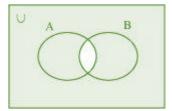
(ii)  $A' \cap B'$ 



(iii)  $(A \cap B)'$ 



(iv)  $A' \cup B'$ 



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### **Question 6:**

Let U be the set of all triangles in a plane. If A is the set of all triangles with at least one angle different from  $60^{\circ}$ , what is A'?

#### **Answer 6:**

A' is the set of all equilateral triangles.

### **Question 7:**

Fill in the blanks to make each of the following a true statement:

- (i)  $A \cup A' = ...$
- (ii)  $\Phi' \cap A = ...$
- (iii)  $A \cap A' = ...$
- (iv)  $U' \cap A = ...$

#### **Answer 7:**

- (i)  $A \cup A' = U$
- (ii)  $\Phi' \cap A = U \cap A = A$

$$: \Phi' \cap A = A$$

- (iii)  $A \cap A' = \Phi$
- (iv)  $U' \cap A = \Phi \cap A = \Phi$

$$: U' \cap A = \Phi$$