Social Science

Practice Test Paper 3

Understanding Society: India and Beyond

(Part 1 | Chapter 7: Elections)

Class IX

Time Allowed: 45 Minutes | Maximum Marks: 25

General Instructions

1. All 13 questions are compulsory. The paper has four sections: A, B, C and D.
2. Section A - 5 marks; Section B - 8 marks; Section C - 9 marks; Section D - 3 marks.
3. Choose one correct option in Section A. Write clear, relevant answers in Sections B, C and D.
4. Study the images carefully before answering the related questions.

SECTION A

(5 questions × 1 mark = 5 marks)

1. Which voting arrangement is shown in these photographs?





(A) A campaign rally
(B) A nomination meeting
(C) Voting from home
(D) A party conference

2. Which law specifically governs Presidential and Vice-Presidential elections?

(A) The Anti-Defection Law, 1985
(B) A party's election manifesto
(C) The Presidential and Vice-Presidential Elections Act, 1952
(D) The Representation of the People Act, 1950 only

3. The constitutional provisions concerning the ECI's establishment, powers and duties are:

(A) Articles 14–18
(B) Articles 29–30
(C) Articles 25–28
(D) Articles 324–329

4. SIR stands for:

(A) Single Institutional Result
(B) Special Intensive Revision
(C) State Information Register
(D) Scheduled Independent Review

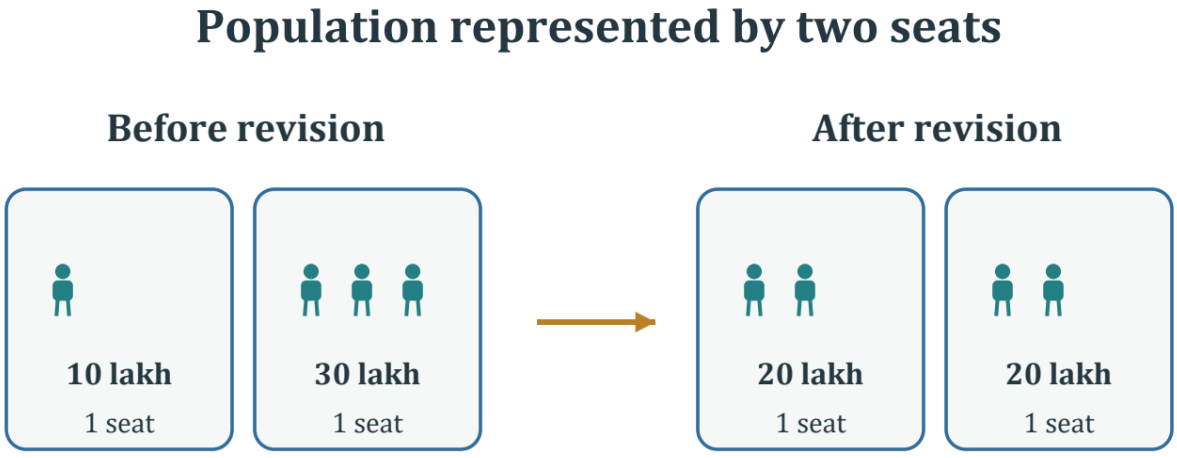
5. How are the alternative conditions for political-party recognition applied?

(A) Only a party's name matters
(B) Any one condition must be fulfilled
(C) Every condition must be fulfilled together
(D) No condition is required

SECTION B

(4 questions × 2 marks = 8 marks)

6. Compare the two arrangements in the image. Why does the revised arrangement better support equal representation?



Hypothetical constituencies

7. Describe two situations in which a registered political party may remain unrecognised.

8. Why might a voter's entry need removal or correction after death or a change of residence?

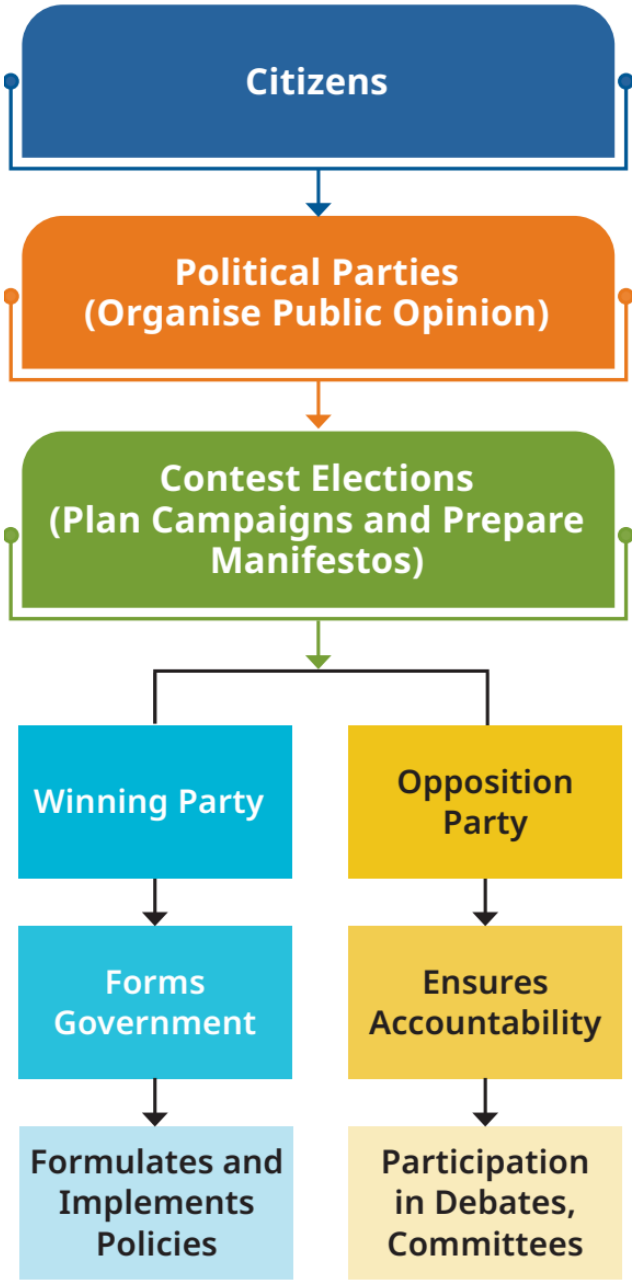
9. Can a person contest without belonging to a party? How does this differ from a political party's registration requirement?

SECTION C

(3 questions × 3 marks = 9 marks)

10. Explain the ECI's overall responsibility using the ideas of superintendence, direction and control of elections.

11. Follow the two branches of the party-role chart. Explain what the winning party does and how the opposition contributes after the election.



12. Suggest one useful contribution each from the media, civil society and voters towards informed elections.

SECTION D

(Application Based Question - 3 marks)

13. A revised roll omits a newly eligible voter and contains a duplicate entry. The ECI announces a period for claims and objections.

(i) What should the omitted eligible voter request?

(ii) What should happen to the duplicate entry?

(iii) When should claims and objections be settled?