

Mathematics

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(Chapter - 2) (Linear Equations in One Variable)

(Class - VIII)

Exercise 2.5

Question 1:

Solve the following linear equation: $\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{4}$

Answer 1:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{5} &= \frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{3} &= \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} & \Rightarrow \frac{3x - 2x}{6} = \frac{5 + 4}{20} & \Rightarrow \frac{x}{6} = \frac{9}{20} & \Rightarrow x = \frac{9 \times 6}{20} = \frac{27}{10}\end{aligned}$$

To check:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{5} &= \frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{27}{10 \times 2} - \frac{1}{5} &= \frac{27}{10 \times 3} + \frac{1}{4} & \Rightarrow \frac{27}{20} - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{9}{10} + \frac{1}{4} & \Rightarrow \frac{27 - 4}{20} = \frac{18 + 5}{20} & \Rightarrow \frac{23}{20} = \frac{23}{20} \\ \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} &= \text{R. H. S.}\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, it is correct.

Question 2:

Solve the following linear equation: $\frac{n}{2} - \frac{3n}{4} + \frac{5n}{6} = 21$

Answer 2:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{n}{2} - \frac{3n}{4} + \frac{5n}{6} &= 21 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{6n - 9n + 10n}{12} &= 21 & \Rightarrow \frac{7n}{12} = 21 & \Rightarrow n = \frac{21 \times 12}{7} & \Rightarrow n = 36\end{aligned}$$

To check:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{n}{2} - \frac{3n}{4} + \frac{5n}{6} &= 21 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{36}{2} - \frac{3 \times 36}{4} + \frac{5 \times 36}{6} &= 21 & \Rightarrow 18 - 27 + 30 = 21 & \Rightarrow 21 = 21 \\ \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} &= \text{R. H. S.}\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, it is correct.

Question 3:

Solve the following linear equation: $x + 7 - \frac{8x}{3} = \frac{17}{6} - \frac{5x}{2}$

Answer 3:

$$\begin{aligned}x + 7 - \frac{8x}{3} &= \frac{17}{6} - \frac{5x}{2} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{x}{1} - \frac{8x}{3} + \frac{5x}{2} &= \frac{17}{6} - \frac{7}{1} & \Rightarrow \frac{6x - 16x + 15x}{6} = \frac{17 - 42}{6} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{5x}{6} &= \frac{-25}{6} & \Rightarrow x = \frac{-25 \times 6}{6 \times 5} & \Rightarrow x = -5\end{aligned}$$

Mathematics

(www.tiwariacademy.com)

(Chapter - 2) (Linear Equations in One Variable)

(Class - VIII)

To check:

$$\begin{aligned}x+7-\frac{8x}{3} &= \frac{17}{6}-\frac{5x}{2} \\ \Rightarrow -5+7-\frac{8 \times (-5)}{3} &= \frac{17}{6}-\frac{5 \times (-5)}{2} \quad \Rightarrow 2+\frac{40}{3} = \frac{17}{6}+\frac{25}{2} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{6+40}{3} &= \frac{17+75}{6} \quad \Rightarrow \frac{46}{3} = \frac{92}{6} \quad \Rightarrow \frac{46}{3} = \frac{46}{3} \\ \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} &= \text{R. H. S.}\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, it is correct.

Question 4:

Solve the following linear equation: $\frac{x-5}{3} = \frac{x-3}{5}$

Answer 4:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x-5}{3} &= \frac{x-3}{5} \\ \Rightarrow 5 \times (x-5) &= 3(x-3) \quad \Rightarrow 5x-25 = 3x-9 \\ \Rightarrow 5x-3x &= -9+25 \quad \Rightarrow 2x = 16 \quad \Rightarrow x = \frac{16}{2} = 8\end{aligned}$$

To check:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x-5}{3} &= \frac{x-3}{5} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{8-5}{3} &= \frac{8-3}{5} \quad \Rightarrow \frac{3}{3} = \frac{5}{5} \quad \Rightarrow 1 = 1 \\ \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} &= \text{R. H. S.}\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, it is correct.

Question 5:

Solve the following linear equation: $\frac{3t-2}{4} - \frac{2t+3}{3} = \frac{2}{3} - t$

Answer 5:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{3t-2}{4} - \frac{2t+3}{3} &= \frac{2}{3} - t \\ \Rightarrow \frac{3t-2}{4} - \frac{2t+3}{3} + t &= \frac{2}{3} \quad \Rightarrow \frac{3(3t-2) - 4(2t+3) + 12t}{12} = \frac{2}{3} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{9t-6-8t-12+12t}{12} &= \frac{2}{3} \quad \Rightarrow \frac{13t-18}{12} = \frac{2}{3} \\ \Rightarrow 3 \times (13t-18) &= 2 \times 12 \quad \Rightarrow 39t-54 = 24 \quad \Rightarrow 39t = 24+54 \\ \Rightarrow 39t &= 78 \quad \Rightarrow t = \frac{78}{39} = 2\end{aligned}$$

To check:

$$\frac{3t-2}{4} - \frac{2t+3}{3} = \frac{2}{3} - t$$

Mathematics

(www.tiwariacademy.com)

(Chapter - 2) (Linear Equations in One Variable)

(Class - VIII)

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{3 \times 2 - 2}{4} - \frac{2 \times 2 + 3}{3} &= \frac{2}{3} - 2 & \Rightarrow \frac{6 - 2}{4} - \frac{4 + 3}{3} &= \frac{2 - 6}{3} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{4}{4} - \frac{7}{3} &= \frac{-4}{3} & \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1} - \frac{7}{3} &= \frac{-4}{3} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{3 - 7}{3} &= \frac{-4}{3} & \Rightarrow \frac{-4}{3} &= \frac{-4}{3} \\ \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} &= \text{R. H. S. Therefore, it is correct.} \end{aligned}$$

Question 6:

Solve the following linear equation: $m - \frac{m-1}{2} = 1 - \frac{m-2}{3}$

Answer 6:

$$\begin{aligned} m - \frac{m-1}{2} &= 1 - \frac{m-2}{3} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{m}{1} - \frac{m-1}{2} + \frac{m-2}{3} &= 1 & \Rightarrow \frac{6m - 3(m-1) + 2(m-2)}{6} &= 1 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{6m - 3m + 3 + 2m - 4}{6} &= 1 & \Rightarrow \frac{5m - 1}{6} &= 1 & \Rightarrow 5m - 1 = 6 \\ \Rightarrow 5m &= 6 + 1 & \Rightarrow 5m &= 7 & \Rightarrow m &= \frac{7}{5} \end{aligned}$$

To check:

$$\begin{aligned} m - \frac{m-1}{2} &= 1 - \frac{m-2}{3} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{7}{5} - \frac{5-1}{2} &= 1 - \frac{7-2}{3} & \Rightarrow \frac{7}{5} - \frac{5-10}{2} &= 1 - \frac{5}{3} & \Rightarrow \frac{7}{5} - \frac{2}{5 \times 2} &= 1 - \frac{-3}{5 \times 3} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{7}{5} - \frac{1}{5} &= 1 + \frac{1}{5} & \Rightarrow \frac{7-1}{5} &= \frac{5+1}{5} & \Rightarrow \frac{6}{5} &= \frac{6}{5} \\ \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} &= \text{R. H. S.} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, it is correct.

Question 7:

Simplify and solve the following linear equation: $3(t-3) = 5(2t+1)$

Answer 7:

$$\begin{aligned} 3(t-3) &= 5(2t+1) \\ \Rightarrow 3t - 9 &= 10t + 5 & \Rightarrow 3t - 10t &= 5 + 9 & \Rightarrow -7t &= 14 \\ \Rightarrow t &= \frac{14}{-7} & \Rightarrow t &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

To check:

$$\begin{aligned} 3(t-3) &= 5(2t+1) \\ \Rightarrow 3(-2-3) &= 5\{2 \times (-2) + 1\} & \Rightarrow 3 \times -5 &= 5(-4+1) & \Rightarrow -15 &= 5 \times (-3) \\ \Rightarrow -15 &= -15 & \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} &= \text{R. H. S.} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, it is correct.

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(Class - VIII)

Question 8:

Simplify and solve the following linear equation: $15(y-4) - 2(y-9) + 5(y+6) = 0$

Answer 8:

$$15(y-4) - 2(y-9) + 5(y+6) = 0 \Rightarrow 15y - 60 - 2y + 18 + 5y + 30 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 18y - 12 = 0 \Rightarrow 18y = 12 \Rightarrow y = \frac{12}{18} \Rightarrow y = \frac{2}{3}$$

To check:

$$15(y-4) - 2(y-9) + 5(y+6) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 15\left(\frac{2}{3} - 4\right) - 2\left(\frac{2}{3} - 9\right) + 5\left(\frac{2}{3} + 6\right) = 0 \Rightarrow 15\left(\frac{2-12}{3}\right) - 2\left(\frac{2-27}{3}\right) + 5\left(\frac{2+18}{3}\right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 15 \times \frac{-10}{3} - 2 \times \frac{-25}{3} + 5 \times \frac{20}{3} = 0 \Rightarrow -50 + \frac{50}{3} + \frac{100}{3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -50 + \frac{50+100}{3} = 0 \Rightarrow -50 + \frac{150}{3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -50 + 50 = 0 \Rightarrow 0 = 0 \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} = \text{R. H. S.}$$

Therefore, it is correct.

Question 9:

Simplify and solve the following linear equation: $3(5z-7) - 2(9z-11) = 4(8z-13) - 17$

Answer 9:

$$3(5z-7) - 2(9z-11) = 4(8z-13) - 17 \Rightarrow 15z - 21 - 18z + 22 = 32z - 52 - 17$$

$$\Rightarrow -3z + 1 = 32z - 69 \Rightarrow -3z - 32z = -69 - 1 \Rightarrow -35z = -70 \Rightarrow z = \frac{-70}{-35} = 2$$

To check:

$$3(5z-7) - 2(9z-11) = 4(8z-13) - 17 \Rightarrow 3(5 \times 2 - 7) - 2(9 \times 2 - 11) = 4(8 \times 2 - 13) - 17$$

$$\Rightarrow 3(10-7) - 2(18-11) = 4(16-13) - 17 \Rightarrow 3 \times 3 - 2 \times 7 = 4 \times 3 - 17$$

$$\Rightarrow 9 - 14 = 12 - 17 \Rightarrow -5 = -5 \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} = \text{R. H. S.}$$

Therefore, it is correct.

Question 10:

Simplify and solve the following linear equation: $0.25(4f-3) = 0.05(10f-9)$

Answer 10:

$$0.25(4f-3) = 0.05(10f-9)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.00f - 0.75 = 0.50f - 0.45 \Rightarrow 1.00f - 0.50f = -0.45 + 0.75$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.50f = 0.3 \Rightarrow f = \frac{0.3}{0.50} \Rightarrow f = 0.6$$

To check:

$$0.25(4f-3) = 0.05(10f-9) \Rightarrow 0.25(4 \times 0.6 - 3) = 0.05(10 \times 0.6 - 9)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.25(2.4 - 3) = 0.05(6.0 - 9) \Rightarrow 0.25 \times (-0.6) = 0.05 \times (-3)$$

$$\Rightarrow -0.150 = -0.150 \Rightarrow \text{L.H.S.} = \text{R. H. S.}$$

Therefore, it is correct.