

Mathematics

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(Chapter - 4) (Practical Geometry)
(Class - VIII)

Exercise 4.3

Question 1:

Construct the following quadrilaterals:

- (i) Quadrilateral MORE
MO = 6 cm, OR = 4.5 cm, $\angle M = 60^\circ$, $\angle O = 105^\circ$, $\angle R = 105^\circ$
- (ii) Quadrilateral PLAN
PL = 4 cm, LA = 6.5 cm, $\angle P = 90^\circ$, $\angle A = 110^\circ$, $\angle N = 85^\circ$
- (iii) Parallelogram HEAR
HE = 5 cm, EA = 6 cm, $\angle R = 85^\circ$
- (iv) Rectangle OKAY
OK = 7 cm, KA = 5 cm

Answer 1:

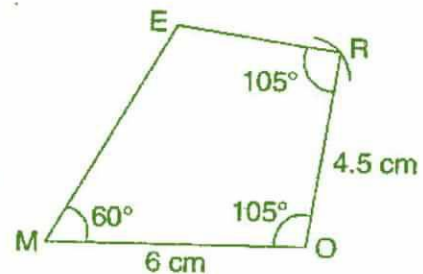
- (i) **Given:** MO = 6 cm, OR = 4.5 cm, $\angle M = 60^\circ$, $\angle O = 105^\circ$, $\angle R = 105^\circ$

To construct: A quadrilateral MORE.

Steps of construction:

- (a) Draw a line segment MO = 6 cm.
- (b) Construct $\angle R = 105^\circ$ and taking radius 4.5 cm, draw an arc taking O as centre, which intersects at R.
- (c) Also construct an angle 105° at R and produce the side RE.
- (d) Construct another angle of 60° at point M and produce the side ME. Both sides ME and RE intersect at E.

It is the required quadrilateral MORE.



- (ii) **Given:** PL = 4 cm, LA = 6.5 cm, $\angle P = 90^\circ$, $\angle A = 110^\circ$, $\angle N = 85^\circ$

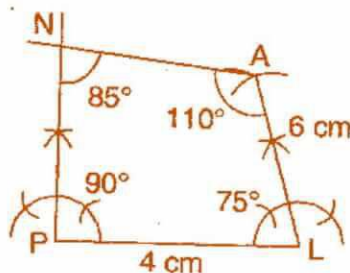
To construct: A quadrilateral PLAN.

To find: $\angle L = 360^\circ - (90^\circ + 85^\circ + 110^\circ) = 360^\circ - 285^\circ = 75^\circ$

Steps of construction:

- (a) Draw a line segment PL = 4 cm.
- (b) Construct angle of 90° at P and produce the side PN.
- (c) Construct angle of 75° at L and with L as centre, draw an arc of radius 6 cm, which intersects at A.
- (d) Construct $\angle A = 110^\circ$ at A and produce the side AN which intersects PN at N.

It is the required quadrilateral PLAN.



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(iii) **Given:** HE = 5 cm, EA = 6 cm, $\angle R = 85^\circ$

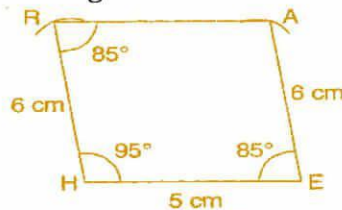
To construct: A parallelogram HEAR.

To find: $\angle H = 180^\circ - 85^\circ = 95^\circ$ [\because Sum of adjacent angle of \parallel^m is 180°]

Steps of construction:

- Draw a line segment HE = 5 cm.
- Construct $\angle H = 95^\circ$ and draw an arc of radius 6 cm with centre H. It intersects AR at R.
- Join RH.
- Draw $\angle R = \angle E = 85^\circ$ and draw an arc of radius 6 cm with E as a centre which intersects RA at A.
- Join RA

It is the required parallelogram HEAR.



(iv) **Given:** OK = 7 cm, KA = 5 cm

To construct: A rectangle OKAY.

Steps of construction:

- Draw a line segment OK = 7 cm.
- Construct angle 90° at both points O and K and produce these sides.
- Draw two arcs of radius 5 cm from points O and K respectively. These arcs intersect at Y and A.
- Join YA.

It is the required rectangle OKAY.

