

Mathematics

(www.tiwariacademy.com)
(Chapter - 4) (Practical Geometry)
(Class - VIII)

Exercise 4.5

Question 1:

Draw the following:
The square READ with $RE = 5.1$ cm.

Answer 1:

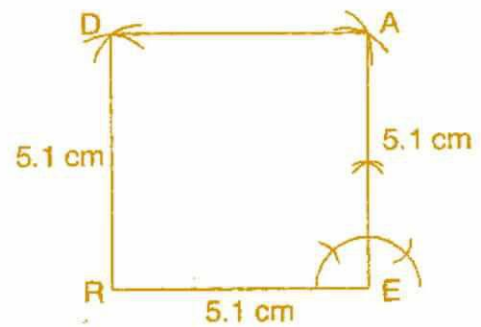
Given: $RE = 5.1$ cm.

To construct: A square READ.

Steps of construction:

- (i) Draw $RE = 5.1$ cm.
- (ii) At point E, construct an angle of 90° and draw an arc of radius 5.1 cm, which intersects at point A.
- (iii) At point R, draw an arc of radius 5.1 cm at point A, draw another arc of radius 5.1 cm which intersects the first arc at point D.
- (iv) Join AD and RD.

It is the required square READ,



Question 2:

Draw the following:
A rhombus whose diagonals are 5.2 cm and 6.4 cm.

Answer 2:

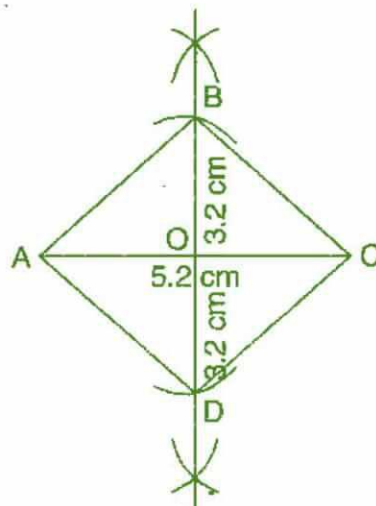
Given: Diagonals of a rhombus $AC = 5.2$ cm and $BD = 6.4$ cm.

To construct: A rhombus ABCD.

Steps of construction:

- (a) Draw $AC = 5.2$ cm and draw perpendicular bisectors on AC.
- (b) Since, diagonals bisect at mid-point O, therefore get half of 6.4 cm, i.e., 3.2 cm.
- (c) Draw two arcs on both sides of AC of radius 3.2 cm from intersection point O, which intersects at B and D.
- (d) Join AB, BC, CD and DA.

It is required rhombus ABCD.



Mathematics

(www.tiwariacademy.com)
(Chapter - 4) (Practical Geometry)
(Class - VIII)

Question 3:

Draw the following:

A rectangle with adjacent sides of length 5 cm and 4 cm.

Answer 3:

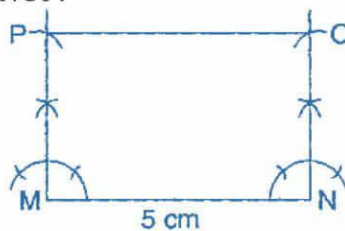
Given: $MN = 5$ cm and $MP = 4$ cm.

To construct: A rectangle MNOP

Steps of construction:

- Draw a segment $MN = 5$ cm.
- At points M and N, draw perpendiculars of lengths 4 cm and produce them.
- Taking centres M and N, draw two arcs of 4 cm each, which intersect P and Q respectively.
- Join side PO.

It is required rectangle MNOP.



Question 4:

Draw the following:

A parallelogram OKAY where $OK = 5.5$ cm and $KA = 4.2$ cm.

Answer 4:

Given: $OK = 5.5$ cm and $KA = 4.2$ cm.

To construct: A parallelogram OKAY.

Steps of construction:

- Draw a line segment $OK = 5.5$ cm.
- Draw an angle of 90° at K and draw an arc of radius $KA = 4.2$ cm, which intersects at point A.
- Draw another arc of radius $AY = 5.5$ cm and at point O, draw another arc of radius 4.2 cm which intersect at Y.
- Join AY and OY.

It is the required parallelogram OKAY.

